

\_\_\_\_\_ (Title)

Article/Adjective: \_\_\_\_\_

Noun: \_\_\_\_\_

Verb: \_\_\_\_\_

Article/Adjective: \_\_\_\_\_

Noun: \_\_\_\_\_

An **article** is a word that combines with a noun to indicate the type of reference being made by the noun.<sup>[1]</sup> Articles can have various functions:<sup>[2]</sup>

- A **definite article** (English *the*) is used before singular and plural nouns that refer to a particular member of a group.

*The cat is on the black mat.*

- An **indefinite article** (English *a, an*) is used before singular nouns that refer to any member of a group.

*A cat is a mammal.*

- A **partitive article** indicates an indefinite quantity of a mass noun; there is no partitive article in English, though the words *some* or *any* often have that function.

French: *Voulez-vous du café ?* ("Do you want **some** coffee?" or "Do you want coffee?")

The **adjective** is a part of speech that modifies a noun or a pronoun, usually by describing it or making its meaning more specific. Adjectives exist in most languages. The most widely recognized adjectives in English are words such as *big, old, and tired* that actually describe people, places, or things. These words can themselves be modified with adverbs, as in the phrase very big. Nouns are a Person, Place, or Thing. Remember to be original, trust the first perception you have (unless cliché) and as Jack Kerouac said: don't think of words when you stop but to see picture better.

Wikipedia.org [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Article\\_%28grammar%29](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Article_%28grammar%29)

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